

Extra! Extra! BIG EXTRA!

WE HAVE GOOD REASONS FOR SHOUTING
BIG EXTRA

\$29.75 Plus 25 Years
Easy Work

THIS IS ALL FOR YOU, DEAR LADIES!

**THIS SATURDAY WE PLACE ON SALE 50 THOR ELECTRIC VACUUM
CLEANERS WITH COMPLETE ATTACHMENTS**

**NATIONALLY ADVERTISED, NATIONALLY KNOWN—A WORLD BEATER FOR SUPERIORITY OVER ALL
OTHER ELECTRIC CLEANERS. THE BIGGEST VALUE FOR SUCH A PRICE**

We purchased fifty of these high-grade Thor Electric Vacuum Sweepers with complete attachments, for this Special Sale. The regular price of these Thor Electric Vacuum Cleaners throughout the country is \$45.00. The only way we could buy them so we could make price talk was to buy 50 of them.

Dirt and dust will be a thing of the past if you buy one of these Thor Electric Vacuum Cleaners. They are the dirt chasers of today.

REMEMBER—THIS SALE STARTS SATURDAY MORNING, AT 9:30 AND WILL LAST UNTIL WEDNESDAY.

Once again we say, \$29.75 for this \$45.00 Thor Electric Vacuum Cleaner, complete with attachments. Guaranteed for twenty-five years.

FOR A LITTLE EXTRA, YOU CAN BUY ONE ON EASY PAYMENTS.

SCHWARTZ BROS., Inc.

9-11 WATER STREET

"The Big Store with the Little Prices"

NORWICH, CONN.

AGRICULTURAL INTERESTS

SUMMER SQUASHES AND MARROWS

Summer squashes do not make much of a hit with a great many people as an article of diet because as they have been served there was too much uncertainty as to whether to try to eat or drink them, the general impression of the palate being soft and wet.

Summer squashes do seem to have a tendency to dissolve when merely boiled and it takes some skill to secure them in sufficient solid form to serve, yet the squash must be eaten when it is young or it is of little value.

If it is boiled it should be well drained to get rid of part of the general wateriness, but it may be cooked in substantial form so that its real delicacy may be appreciated and that is by frying in much the same manner as egg plant. Cooked in this manner, the summer squash is a vegetable. Vegetables marrows fried are likewise a delicacy that is bound to become more popular as people become better acquainted with it.

The method of frying summer squash and marrows is this: Cut the vegetable into half-inch-thick slices or a little less. Dip them in milk in which an egg has been beaten, then roll in crumbs and fry in deep fat or enough fat in the skillet so there will be no danger of their burning.

Turn them with a spatula or pan-cake turner.

Cucumbers sliced lengthwise and fried in the same manner as a comparative novelty but a fine vegetable. Italians are particularly fond of big cucumbers cooked in this manner. They are often served with lamb chops in Italian restaurants.

If you have never tried cucumber, it is worth trying out and is an excellent way to use up big cucumbers when there is a surplus.

The Swiss chard will grow in almost any soil or location and when the leaves are cut off, more will grow and the leaves from only a few healthy chards will make a big handful of material for greens. In fact, it is difficult to keep the chard used up if a very extensive planting is made.

It has proved an ideal vegetable for small city gardens and is quite as appetizing as spinach. This vegetable is becoming more popular every year. It has been on the market for many years but is beginning to receive more general recognition than ever before.

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SUNDAY BILL NOW UP TO GOVERNOR LAKE

Hartford, Conn., April 19.—The Sunday observance bill, to permit professional baseball and football, and classical concerts on Sunday afternoon, under local option, was adopted by the senate this afternoon in concurrence with the house. It will go to Governor Lake as soon as engrossed. It will take effect when signed.

The bill was taken up by Senator Deane from the calendar and explained, and its adoption moved. An amendment was offered by Senator Bowers, which, however, was rejected on his own motion. It would have required a license to play golf, row a boat, paddle a canoe, ride a horse or ride an automobile for pleasure on Sunday.

Senator Brown offered an amendment to provide that games mentioned in the bill should not be played if they interfere with public worship or the comfort, peace or quiet of any person. He spoke briefly for the amendment, deprecating what he termed the tendency to liberalize the Sunday. He said the legislation of these days for a strict observance of Sunday was good enough for him. He said that the bill gave to professional sports the right of unrestricted play not given in the law allowing amateur sports, and his amendment was merely to put into the bill the same restrictions as in the present law. He did not want the amateur sports law repealed, but he did not think it fair to let professional baseball greater rights. He believed the people should have some measure of protection. He said that while it might be said that people as a rule do not hold services on Sunday, and that the bill would hold that service without outside disturbances.

Senator Brooks said that while Senator Brown spoke of the old-time Sunday, he should also remember that times have changed. Senator Hall of Willington was against "commercializing the day," saying that this bill opens the door to business as well as sports, and was a step in the wrong way. It was in the interests of promoters and ball players would become merely a commercial proposition.

Senator Costello spoke for the bill, believing that it was progressive legislation. Senators Sanford, Golden and Bakewell were for the bill, the latter saying that it was in the interests of good morality and the Christian religion. After further debate the Brown amendment was defeated.

Senator Rudd then asked if open air concerts might be given under the bill, and it was explained that the home rule bill will cover that point.

The bill was then adopted, with apparently only a few voices against it. The banks committee reported on these bills:

Prohibiting use by any concern of the terms "bank" or "trust company" unless it is such; amending the law relating to sale of oil corporation securities by providing that a company must pay \$500 to the bank commissioner as a fee for examining the company before it is licensed to sell its stocks and bonds in the state, and requiring that such a corporation must file a statement of its condition.

NEW METHOD FOR ALFALFA RAISERS

Farmers who have failed to get a stand of alfalfa or soy beans after inoculating with commercial cultures may have better luck with the new "soil and glue" method whereby organisms from a soil which has grown these crops are brought to the seed on particles of the soil itself and made to stick by a film of glue.

Method—Dissolve two handfuls of furniture glue for every gallon of boiling water and allow solution to cool. Put the seed in a washbasin and then sprinkle enough of the solution on the seed to moisten but not to wet (1 quart per bushel is sufficient), and stir the mixture thoroughly until the seed are moistened.

Secure the inoculated soil from a place where the same kind of plants are growing, making sure that the roots have a vigorous development of nodules. Dry the soil in the shade, preferably in a barn or basement, and pulverize it thoroughly into dust. Scatter this dust over the moistened seed, using from one-half to one gallon of dirt for each bushel of seed mixing thoroughly until the seed no longer stick together. The seed are then ready to sow.

LINE VALUABLE FOR THE GARDEN

"What fertilizer shall I use on my backyard garden?"

This question comes back from agricultural advisers: "Lime. 20-25 pounds to the square rod; the same amount of 4-5-4 fertilizer; and manure, all you can get."

Lime is mentioned first not because it is the most important but because it is the most neglected in respect to city gardens. Lime, manure and a high grade artificial fertilizer are generally all needed to grow good vegetables in the city, but the lime is generally the most needed because it has been the least supplied.

The horticultural specialist believes that there is hardly a city garden which would not be benefited by application of any form of agricultural lime in the quantity recommended above. He points out that plants of the cabbage family, including spinach, cauliflower and kale, particularly need calcium, as also do lettuce, peas and onions. Lime brings to the soil less actual fertilizer than it frees through chemical combination with plant foods already there, insoluble and unavailable. Moreover, lime has a paradoxical effect on the physical condition of the ground, actually making light land hold water better, and enabling heavy land better to shed excess moisture.

TOILET PAPER

6 5-Ounce Rolls For 25c

TRY OUR DINNER BLEND Coffee, lb. 25c

FRESH COD Cutlets, lb. 15c

FRESH HERRING, lb. 10c

SMALL FRESH Codfish, lb. 10c

BEST SHORE Haddock 12 1/2c

ROUND Clams, pint 35c

Opened to Order

EGG PRODUCTION DROPS

OFF IN 24TH WEEK

Egg production dropped slightly in the egg laying contest at Storrs during the twenty-fourth week, due largely to unfavorable weather conditions and an increase in the number of broody hens. The total production for the week was 4673 eggs or 64.7 per cent. This is a drop of 1533 eggs as compared with last week's production but it is still 300 eggs ahead of the same week last year and 512 eggs more than the six year average.

Place for the week was won by a pen of Rhode Island Reds owned by Norman M. Minter, Hasbrouck, N. Y., with a production of 63 eggs. Second place went to a pen of White Leghorns owned by Shadowbrook Farm, Ridgefield, Conn., with a production of 58 eggs. Jules F. Francine's pen of Barred Rocks from Westhampton Beach, L. I. Obed G. Knight's pen of White Wyandottes from Bridgeport, R. I. Rhode Island Reds entered by Charles D. Peirce, Arnold, Vt. R. I. The Orchards, South Hadley, Mass. Pinecrest Orchards, Groton, Mass. and White Leghorns entered by Leo A. Grouen, Farmington, Conn., all tied for third place with a production of 55 eggs each. Sunfield Farm's pen of Rhode Island Reds from Wallingford, Conn. D. S. Vaughn's pen of Reds from Greene, R. I. A. B. Hall's pen of White Leghorns from Wallingford, Conn. Edgemoor Farm's pen of White Leghorns from Red Bank, N. J. and Small's Poultry Farm's pen of White Leghorns from Cheshire, Conn., all tied for fourth place with a yield of 54 eggs each. Fifth place went to a pen of White Leghorns owned by White Springs Farm, Geneva, N. Y. a pen of White Leghorns owned by E. Ingoldby, Cooperstown, N. Y., and a pen of the same breed entered by Elmore Farm from Lebanon, Pa., with a production of 53 eggs each.

At this season of the year broody hens are always more or less troublesome. In all of the heavy breeds and occasionally among the light breeds. All broody hens should be broken up promptly. If a broody hen is allowed to stay on the nest she loses body weight very rapidly, therefore, it takes just that much longer to get her back into normal weight and production. Keep dry mash, green food and fresh water before broody hens while in confinement. It is worth while to put celluloid band on each broody hen for each offence. This will furnish helpful information during the culling season.

The four leading pens in each of the principal varieties are as follows:

Rhode Island Reds
Charles H. Lane, Southboro, Mass. 278
N. H. Bickford, Groveland, N. H. 274
P. R. Chapin, Longmeadow, Mass. 268
Henry P. Walker, Hudson, Mass. 259

White Leghorns
James O. Le Fevre, New Paltz, N. Y. 304
A. P. Robinson, Calverton, N. Y. 278
L. E. Ingoldby, Cooperstown, N. Y. 274
Hollywood Farm, Hollywood, Wm. 248

Other Varieties
Obed G. Knight (White Wyandotte) 1017
Bridgeton, R. I. 1017
H. P. Cloyes, (Buff Wyandotte) 811
Perry Lane, Conn. 818
Pittsford, N. J. 871
Clemens J. Dikman, New Britain, Conn. 829

RAILROAD YARDS ACT

AS INDUSTRIAL BAROMETER

Watch the roadbed within the city limits, especially about yards, where switching locomotives are busy, spur tracks, where cars are being unloaded or points where laborers are accustomed to assist through train drivers by shoveling down a supply of coal for use in the next stop, and you have the best kind of a barometer on local labor and industrial conditions, local railroad men say. If the local labor market is glutted or there is an industrial depression, they point out, the railroad roadbed will be crowded with men, women and children, picking up coal or waiting for vegetable and other refuse from the unloading of cars. If business is better and there are fewer heads of families out of work, railroad property is comparatively deserted, excepting by the "chronics." As a barometer of industrial and home conditions, railroad men believe, the yards are more certain than even the labor employment and charitable agencies.

By the "chronics" railroad men mean those who want to get something for nothing, the class that, even if there is an adequate pay envelope coming in, will comb the railroad roadbed for coal and hant the spur tracks for waste potatoes and other vegetables. This type is always to be found, it is pointed out, and includes the "thrifts" those with large families and where the breadwinner of the family is incapacitated or has been taken by death. But railroad men say when there is an unusual influx, it is safe to believe there is industrial depression or the labor market is glutted.

Now, railroad men point out, there is a noticeable letup in the number of coal pickers and others about railroad property. It is their contention that this means that there is an improvement in industrial conditions and less domestic privations in the city and vicinity. While there are the usual number of "chronics" about, those obviously new to the procedure are noticeably absent. While railroad detectives are admittedly hard on that is, most of them are, and are loath to arrest man, woman or children for trespassing when convinced that he produces is to relieve conditions at home. According to one, every effort is used to act wisely and take in only those who are wantonly using railroad property for conduct having no excuse.

Non-Suit in Horse Case

Judge Charles B. Walker non-suited the case of Joseph Bodnar against Joseph Culver of Griswold in the court of common pleas in this city. The suit arose over the killing of a horse by a motor, cycle and in view of the fact that there were no eye witnesses, the case was non-suited after it had been partly tried and court went out.

The Tasks of African Elephants

Longer and heavier than those found in Asia.

BONELESS CHUCK
ROAST BEEF, lb. 18c
SOLID MEAT—NO WASTE

Fresh Lamb For Stewing
Pound 10c

FAT BACK
Salt Pork
Pound 16c

HAMBURGER STEAK
Fresh Ground
Pound 18c

LEAN CUTS
Corned Beef
Pound 10c

FRESH CUT
Pork Chops
Pound 25c

Wednesday Specials

THE MOHICAN COMPANY

FRESH COD
Cutlets, lb. 15c

FRESH HERRING, lb. 10c

SMALL FRESH
Codfish, lb. 10c

BEST SHORE
Haddock 12 1/2c

CALIFORNIA SUNSWEET PRUNES
3 Pounds 29c

GRAPE FRUIT
4 For 25c

PEARL Tapioca
3 Pounds 25c

JELLO
Assorted Flavors
Package 10c

Pure Cocoa
Pound 15c

Containing high
percentage of
Butter Fat.

TOILET PAPER
6 5-Ounce Rolls
For 25c

TRY OUR DINNER BLEND
Coffee, lb. 25c

FRESH MOHICAN CREAMERY BUTTER
Pound 47c

This is not Cold Storage Butter

PHILADELPHIA CREAM
CHEESE
Package 15c

Fresh Eggs
Dozen 32c

NEW TEXAS BERMUDA ONIONS
3 Pounds 25c

FRESH SPINACH
3 lbs. pk. 29c

FLORIDA ORANGES
Dozen 31c

QUICK RELIEF!
Price, 25-50-75c

MADE BY SCOTT & BOWNE
MAKERS OF
SCOTT'S EMULSION

With or without water: pleasant to take.

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